Motherson Wiring System (FZE) Financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2024

النادقيق AL NEDAA AUDITING ACCOUNTANTS

هاتف : ۲۷۲۷۸۲۰ ـ ۰٦ ، فاکس : ۱۷۱۵۸۲۰ ـ ۰٦

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Financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2024

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محاسبوي قانونيوي ومدققو حسابات

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of the Motherson Wiring System (FZE) Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Motherson Wiring System (FZE) which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 March 2024 and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Samir Zaki Amin Ahmed Zaki Amin

Registration No: 440 Place: Sharjah

Date:

(1)

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Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 31 March 2024 Euro	As at 31 March 2023 Euro
ASSETS	4		
Property, plant and equipment Right-to-use assets (IFRS 16)	4 5	79,572	90,907
Non-current assets		79,572	90,907
Receivables and prepayments	7	1,024,184	1,053,369
Cash and cash equivalents	8	667,080	439,775
Current assets		Y	-
Current assers	ra .	1,691,264	1,493,144
The deliance of the same of th		1,770,836	1,584,051
Total assets		1,770,830	1,564,051
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Shareholders' equity			
Share capital Retained carnings/ (Losses)	10	32,100 (929,338)	32,100 (1,131,069)
Shareholders' equity		(897,238)	(1,098,969)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities Long term Lease Liabilities	16	93,714	103,591
Current Liabilities Borrowings	11	2,563,629	2,563,629
Payables	12	10,731	15,800
Current liabilities		2,574,360	2,683,020
Total liabilities			0====0
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		1,770,836	1,584,051

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on 08 Jul,2024 and were signed by:

for and on behalf of the Board (Company)

Place: Sharjab

Atul Kumar Agarwal (Director & Manager)

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The accounting policies on pages 6 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Income Statement

* 3	Notes	At 31 March 2024 Euro	At 31 March 2023 Euro
Other income	13	240,000	144,000
Operating Profit		240,000	144,000
Expenses			
General and administration	15	14,951	25,127
Profit/ (Loss) from operations		225,049	118,873
Finance costs Depreciation and Amortization Expense	14 5	11,982 11,335	13,350 11,901
Profit/ (Loss) for the period / year		201,732	93,622

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on 08 Jul,2024. and were signed by:

Place: Sharah

For and on behalf of the Board (Company)

Atul Kumar Agarwal (Director & Manager)

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The accounting policies on pages 6 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in Shareholders' Equity

3	Notes	Share Capital Euro	Retained Earnings Euro	Total Euro
At March 31, 2022 Profit/ (Loss) for the period ended		32,100	(1,224,691)	(1,192,591)
March 31, 2023		-	93,622	93,622
At March 31, 2023		32,100	(1,131,069)	(1,098,969)
At March 31, 2023 Profit/ (Loss) for the period ended		32,100	(1,131,069)	(1,098,969)
March 31, 2024		322	201,732	201,732
At March 31, 2024		32,100	(929,337)	(896,469)

The accounting policies on pages 6 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Cash flow Statement

	Notes	31 March 2024 Euro	31 March 2023 Euro
Operating activities			
Profit (Loss) for the period		201,732	93,622
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	5	11,335	11,901
Interest expense	14	196	81
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)		437	2,917
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		213,700	108,521
Decrease / (Increase) in working capital:			
Trade Receivable and prepayments		29,185	9,195
Trade and other payables		(6,244)	6,221
Net cash provided by Operating activities		236,641	123,937
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(196)	(81)
Payment of lease liabilities		(9,140)	(8,532)
Net cash provided by financing activities		(9,336)	(8,613)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		227,305	115,324
Cash and cash equivalents, as at April 1, 2023		439,775	324,451
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	8	687,080	439,775

The accounting policies on pages 6 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Incorporation and activities

Incorporation

Motherson Wiring System Limited (FZC) ("the Company") was registered as a Free Zone Company (FZC) with limited liability in the Sharjah Airport International Free Zone (SAIF Zone) on 15th July 2006. The registered address of the company is H-3, 4-6, P O Box 120563, Sharjah, UAE. The Company's shareholders was MSSL Mideast (FZE) (51%) (Parent Company) and Sumitomo Wiring Systems Limited (49%). Trade License Number is 04144.

During financial year 2010-11, the Company has discontinued business due to its customer shifting its business base back to Europe. Subsequently MSSL Mideast FZE, has purchased the remaining 49% equity shares in the Company from Sumitomo Wiring Systems Ltd., the Company is now 100% Subsidiary of MSSL Mideast (FZE) and consequently the entity is changed from Motherson Sumi Wiring System Limited (FZC) to Motherson Wiring System (FZE).

Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (formerly Motherson Sumi Systems Limited), a company incorporated in India is the ultimate parent Company of Motherson Wiring System (FZE).

Activities

The Company is engaged in the manufacture, processing assembly, trade and sale of wiring harness, components and tools. The principal terms governing the operations of the Company have been incorporated in the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of these financial statements are as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Motherson Wiring System (FZE) have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and IFRIC interpretations. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The accompanying financial statements have been presented on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed under the relevant accounting policies.



2.1 Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). The significant transactions of the Company are in Euros. Hence the Board of directors considers the Euro ("EUR") as their functional currency. The financial statements are presented in EUR, which is the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method at rates calculated to reduce the cost of assets to their estimated residual values over their expected useful lives as follows:

Building
Plant and machinery

10 years 4 -10 years

Repairs and renewals are charged to the income statement when the expenditure is incurred.

Assets in the course of construction are carried at cost as capital work-in-progress, and are transferred to building, property, plant and equipment completed or when commissioned as the case may be. No depreciation is charged on such assets until completed or commissioned.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

2.3 Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement within 'selling and distribution costs'.



2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and current accounts with banks. The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into cash and have original maturities of three months or less on the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

2.5 Financial Assets

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as 'trade and other receivables' in the balance sheet.

2.6 Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is translated at the historical rate.

2.7 Trade Payables

Trade Payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

Rental Income (Miscellaneous Income)

Rental income arising from building given under operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases and is included in operating income in the statement of profit and loss.

3. Financial Risk Management

3.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including currency risk and price risk), and credit risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on



Unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company.

Risk management is carried out by Central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of directors. The company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily with respect to Euro, United State Dollar, Indian Rupee, Sterling Pound and UAE Dirham. Currency risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. As a result, it is subject to foreign currency exchange risk arising from exchange rate movements which will affect the Company's translation of the results and underlying net assets of its foreign subsidiaries.

The company has loan and advances denominated in Euro o which it is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk. There were no hedging transactions in place as at 31 March, 2024.

During the year, the company has not hedged the foreign currency exposure.

3.2 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for stakeholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. Hence, the Company may adjust any return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

CORPORATE INCOME TAX

On 9 December 2022, the UAE Ministry of Finance released Federal Decree-Law No. 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses (Corporate Tax Law or the Law) to enact a Federal corporate tax (CT) regime in the UAE. The CT regime is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2023.

Decision No. 116 of 2022 (published in December 2022 and considered to be effective from 16 January 2023) specifies that taxable income not exceeding AED 375,000 would be subject to a 0% UAE CT rate, and taxable income exceeding AED 375,000 would be subject to the 9% UAE CT rate. With the publication of this Decision, the UAE CT Law is considered to have been substantively enacted for the purposes of accounting for Income Taxes.

Subsequently, the UAE CT Law has been supplemented by a number of Decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers of the UAE (Decisions). Such Decisions and other interpretive guidance of the UAE Federal Tax Authority provide important details relating to the interpretation of the UAE CT Law and are required to fully evaluate the impact of the UAE CT Law on the Establishment.

The Establishment should be subject to the provisions of the UAE CT Law with effect from 1 April, 2024, and current taxes shall be accounted for as appropriate in the financial statements for the financial year beginning 1 April 2024.

Based on the current provisions of the UAE CT Law (including interpretation based on the Ministerial decisions and related guidance) and in accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes, no potential deferred tax assets or liabilities have been identified as at the reporting date.



4. Property, Plant and Equipment

A	Building	Plant and Machinery (Electric inst.)	Total
	Euro	Euro	Euro
At March 31, 2023			
Cost	3,515,825	990,525	4,506,350
Accumulated depreciation			
/ Impairment	(3,515,825)	(990,525)	(4,506,350)
At March 31, 2024			
Cost	3,515,825	990,525	4,506,350
Accumulated depreciation /			
Impairment	(3,515,825)	(990,525)	(4,506,350)
Net book amount		(E)	

5. Right-to-use Assets (IFRS 16)

	Building Euro	Total Euro
Year ended	Euro	Emo
March 31, 2023		
Opening net book amount	102,808	102,808
Depreciation charge	(11,901)	(11,901)
Closing net book amount	90,907	90,907
	Building	Total
	Euro	Euro
Year ended March 31, 2024		
Opening net book amount	90,907	90,907
Depreciation charge	(11,335)	(11,335)
Closing net book amount	79,572	79,572
Opening net book amount Depreciation charge	(11,335)	(11,335



6. Capital Commitment

There is no Capital Commitment outstanding at the year end (Previous Year Euro Nil).

7. Receivables and Prepayments

	As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
	Euro	Euro
Other Trade Receivable - Unsecured	1,014,399	36,000
Receivables - Parent Company	1.	1,014,573
Prepayments	9,785	2,796
	1,024,184	1,053,369

8. Cash and Cash equivalents

	As at March 31 2024 Euro	As at March 31 2023 Euro
Cash at bank	6,67,080	4,39,775
	6,67,080	4,39,775

9. Related party transactions and balances

Related parties comprise the shareholders and their subsidiaries and associates. During the period, the company entered into the following significant transactions with related parties at agreed rates:

company entered into the following significant transi	ictions with related partie	is at agreed rates:
	31 March 2024 31 March 2023	
	Euro	Euro
Loan outstanding		
- Parent Company - MSSL Mideast FZE	2,563,629	2,563,629
Trade Receivable		
-Parent Company - MSSL Mideast FZE		1,014,573
-Other Related Party $-$ MSSL Tooling FZE	-	36,000



10. Share Capital

The company has been registered on 15 July 2006. The current shareholders of the Company is MSSL Mideast (FZE). Share capital comprises 1 Share of AED 150,000 (Equivalent to Euro 32,100). All shares are fully paid up.

11. Borrowings

	As at March 31, 2024 Euro	As at March 31, 2023 Euro
Loan from Parent Company- MSSL Mideast (FZE)	2,563,629	2,563,629
	2,563,629	2,563,629
12. Payables		
	As at March 31, 2024 Euro	As at March 31, 2023 Euro
Trade payables Finance Lease Liabilities recognised under	410	6,652
Ind AS 116 / IFRS 16 (Curr. Mat)	10,321	9,148
	10,731	15,800
13. Operating Income		
	For the period 31 March 2023 Euro	For the period 31 March 2023 Euro
Miscellaneous Income	240,000	144,000
	240,000	144,000
14. Finance Cost	For the period 31 March 2024 Euro	For the period 31 March 2023 Euro
Bank Charges Finance cost on Finance lease (IFRS 16)	196 11,786	81 13,269
	11,982	13,350



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2,014
7,462
15,651
25,127
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714 103,591
114 102 501
714 103,591

17. Fair Value

The fair value of the company's financial assets and liabilities at 31 March 2024 approximated their net book amounts as reflected in these financial statements.

18. Adoption of Accounts

These accounts were adopted by the Board of Directors in the meeting held on xxxxxxx.



الناء لتدو TING مربع AL NEDAA AUDITING

ACCOUNTANTS

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